

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
AT TACOMA

GREGORY W. GENOVESE, JR., an individual,

Plaintiff,

vs.

KIMBERLY A. HANSEN and MICHAEL R.
HANSEN, individually and on behalf of their
marital community,

Defendants.

KIMBERLY A. HANSEN, Individually and
derivatively as a member of USG Realty Capital
LLC,

Counterclaim Plaintiffs,

vs.

GREGORY W. GENOVESE, JR., an individual,

Counterclaim Defendant.

NO. 2:24-cv-1096-TMC

**STIPULATED PROTECTIVE
ORDER**

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1 KIMBERLY A. HANSEN, individually and
2 derivatively as a member of USG Realty Capital
LLC,

3 Third-Party Plaintiffs,

4 vs.

5 USG REALTY CAPITAL LLC, a Delaware
6 limited liability company,

7 Third-Party Defendant.
8

9 1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

10 Discovery in this action is likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or
11 private information for which special protection may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby
12 stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties
13 acknowledge that this agreement is consistent with LCR 26(c). It does not confer blanket
14 protection on all disclosures or responses to discovery, the protection it affords from public
15 disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential
16 treatment under the applicable legal principles, and it does not presumptively entitle parties to file
17 confidential information under seal.

18 2. "CONFIDENTIAL" MATERIAL

19 "Confidential" material shall include the following documents and tangible things
20 produced or otherwise exchanged:

- 21 A. The parties' federal, state, or local tax returns;
- 22 B. The parties' financial statements, including bank statements;
- 23 C. The parties accounting records;
- 24 D. Any other information that a party in good faith believes (i) to be confidential,
25 proprietary, and/or sensitive, and (ii) the unauthorized disclosure or use would cause material and
26 identifiable harm to the party or a third party.

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1 3. SCOPE

2 The protections conferred by this agreement cover not only confidential material (as
3 defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from confidential material; (2) all
4 copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of confidential material; and (3) any testimony,
5 conversations, or presentations by parties or their counsel that might reveal confidential material.

6 However, the protections conferred by this agreement do not cover information that is in
7 the public domain or becomes part of the public domain through trial or otherwise.

8 4. ACCESS TO AND USE OF CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

9 4.1 Basic Principles. A receiving party may use confidential material that is disclosed
10 or produced by another party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,
11 defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Confidential material may be disclosed only to the
12 categories of persons and under the conditions described in this agreement. Confidential material
13 must be stored and maintained by a receiving party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures
14 that access is limited to the persons authorized under this agreement.

15 4.2 Disclosure of “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered
16 by the court or permitted in writing by the designating party, a receiving party may disclose any
17 confidential material only to:

18 (a) the receiving party’s counsel of record in this action, as well as employees
19 of counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation;

20 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including in house counsel) of the
21 receiving party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, unless the parties
22 agree that a particular document or material produced is for Attorney’s Eyes Only and is so
23 designated;

24 (c) experts and consultants to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this
25 litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

26 (d) the court, court personnel, and court reporters and their staff;

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1 (e) copy or imaging services retained by counsel to assist in the duplication of
2 confidential material, provided that counsel for the party retaining the copy or imaging service
3 instructs the service not to disclose any confidential material to third parties and to immediately
4 return all originals and copies of any confidential material;

5 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is
6 reasonably necessary and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound”
7 (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the designating party or ordered by the court. Pages of
8 transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal confidential material must
9 be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted
10 under this agreement;

11 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
12 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

13 4.3 Filing Confidential Material. Before filing confidential material or discussing or
14 referencing such material in court filings, the filing party shall confer with the designating party,
15 in accordance with Local Civil Rule 5(g)(3)(A), to determine whether the designating party will
16 remove the confidential designation, whether the document can be redacted, or whether a motion
17 to seal or stipulation and proposed order is warranted. During the meet and confer process, the
18 designating party must identify the basis for sealing the specific confidential information at issue,
19 and the filing party shall include this basis in its motion to seal, along with any objection to sealing
20 the information at issue. Local Civil Rule 5(g) sets forth the procedures that must be followed and
21 the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material
22 under seal. A party who seeks to maintain the confidentiality of its information must satisfy the
23 requirements of Local Civil Rule 5(g)(3)(B), even if it is not the party filing the motion to seal.
24 Failure to satisfy this requirement will result in the motion to seal being denied, in accordance with
25 the strong presumption of public access to the Court’s files.
26

1 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

2 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Except as
3 otherwise provided herein, each party or non-party that designates information or items for
4 protection under this agreement must take care to limit any such designation to specific material
5 that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The designating party must designate for protection
6 only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify, so
7 that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is
8 not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this agreement.

9 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited, except with respect to
10 documents produced as a result of search terms where, because of the volume of documents, it is
11 not reasonable to review each document individually. The parties agree to treat such documents as
12 confidential, as they acknowledge that the productions of such documents will likely contain
13 confidential material. Except for the parties' stipulation to treat documents produced as a result of
14 search terms as confidential, designations of any other documents that are shown to be clearly
15 unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to unnecessarily encumber or
16 delay the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other
17 parties) expose the designating party to sanctions.

18 If it comes to a designating party's attention that information or items that it designated for
19 protection do not qualify for protection, the designating party must promptly notify all other parties
20 that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

21 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this
22 agreement (see, *e.g.*, second paragraph of section 5.2(b) below), or as otherwise stipulated or
23 ordered, disclosure or discovery material that qualifies for protection under this agreement must
24 be clearly so designated before or when the material is disclosed or produced.

25 (a) Information in documentary form: (*e.g.*, paper or electronic documents and
26 deposition exhibits, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings),

1 the designating party must affix the word “CONFIDENTIAL” to each page that contains
2 confidential material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection,
3 the producing party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate
4 markings in the margins).

5 (b) Testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial proceedings: the parties
6 and any participating non-parties must identify on the record, during the deposition or other pretrial
7 proceeding, all protected testimony, without prejudice to their right to so designate other testimony
8 after reviewing the transcript. Any party or non-party may, within fifteen days after receiving the
9 transcript of the deposition or other pretrial proceeding, designate portions of the transcript, or
10 exhibits thereto, as confidential. If a party or non-party desires to protect confidential information
11 at trial, the issue should be addressed during the pre-trial conference.

12 (c) Other tangible items: the producing party must affix in a prominent place
13 on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the word
14 “CONFIDENTIAL.” If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection,
15 the producing party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

16 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to
17 designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the designating party’s
18 right to secure protection under this agreement for such material. Upon timely correction of a
19 designation, the receiving party must make reasonable efforts to ensure that the material is treated
20 in accordance with the provisions of this agreement.

21 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

22 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any party or non-party may challenge a designation of
23 confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a designating party’s confidentiality
24 designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic
25 burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a party does not waive its right to
26 challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the

1 original designation is disclosed.

2 6.2 Meet and Confer. The parties must make every attempt to resolve any dispute
3 regarding confidential designations without court involvement. Any motion regarding confidential
4 designations or for a protective order must include a certification, in the motion or in a declaration
5 or affidavit, that the movant has engaged in a good faith meet and confer conference with other
6 affected parties in an effort to resolve the dispute without court action. The certification must list
7 the date, manner, and participants to the conference. A good faith effort to confer requires a face-
8 to-face meeting or a telephone conference.

9 6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the parties cannot resolve a challenge without court
10 intervention, the designating party may file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under Local
11 Civil Rule 7 (and in compliance with Local Civil Rule 5(g), if applicable). The burden of
12 persuasion in any such motion shall be on the designating party. Frivolous challenges, and those
13 made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on
14 other parties) may expose the challenging party to sanctions. All parties shall continue to maintain
15 the material in question as confidential until the court rules on the challenge.

16 7. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER
17 LITIGATION

18 If a party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels
19 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL,” that party
20 must:

21 (a) promptly notify the designating party in writing and include a copy of the
22 subpoena or court order;

23 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to
24 issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is
25 subject to this agreement. Such notification shall include a copy of this agreement; and

26 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by

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1 the designating party whose confidential material may be affected.

2 8. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

3 If a receiving party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed confidential
4 material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this agreement, the receiving
5 party must immediately (a) notify in writing the designating party of the unauthorized disclosures,
6 (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the protected material, (c) inform the
7 person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this agreement,
8 and (d) request that such person or persons execute the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be
9 Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

10 9. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED
11 MATERIAL

12 When a producing party gives notice to receiving parties that certain inadvertently
13 produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the
14 receiving parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision
15 is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order or
16 agreement that provides for production without prior privilege review. The parties agree to the
17 entry of a non-waiver order under Fed. R. Evid. 502(d) as set forth herein.

18 10. NON TERMINATION AND RETURN OF DOCUMENTS

19 Within 60 days after the termination of this action, including all appeals, each receiving
20 party must return all confidential material to the producing party, including all copies, extracts and
21 summaries thereof. Alternatively, the parties may agree upon appropriate methods of destruction.

22 Notwithstanding this provision, counsel are entitled to retain one archival copy of all
23 documents filed with the court, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, correspondence,
24 deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work
25 product, even if such materials contain confidential material.

1 The confidentiality obligations imposed by this agreement shall remain in effect until a
2 designating party agrees otherwise in writing or a court orders otherwise.

3 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

4 DATED: June 3, 2025

/s/Jeff Bone
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10 DATED: June 3, 2025

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16 DATED: June 3, 2025

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22 PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED

23 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that pursuant to Fed. R. Evid. 502(d), the production of any
24 documents, electronically stored information (ESI) or information, whether inadvertent or
25 otherwise, in this proceeding shall not, for the purposes of this proceeding or any other federal or
26 state proceeding, constitute a waiver by the producing party of any privilege applicable to those

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documents, including the attorney-client privilege, attorney work-product protection, or any other privilege or protection recognized by law. This Order shall be interpreted to provide the maximum protection allowed by Fed. R. Evid. 502(d). The provisions of Fed. R. Evid. 502(b) do not apply. Nothing contained herein is intended to or shall serve to limit a party's right to conduct a review of documents, ESI or information (including metadata) for relevance, responsiveness and/or segregation of privileged and/or protected information before production. Information produced in discovery that is protected as privileged or work product shall be immediately returned to the producing party.

Dated this 4th day of June, 2025



Tiffany M. Cartwright
United States District Judge

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EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, _____ [print or type full name], of
_____ [print or type full address], declare under penalty of
perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was
issued by the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington on
_____ [date] in the case of ***Gregory W. Genovese Jr. v. Kimberly A. Hansen et al., Case***
No. 2:24-cv-1096 TMC. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated
Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to
sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in
any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person
or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the
Western District of Washington for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective
Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

Date: _____

City and State where sworn and signed: _____

Printed name: _____

Signature: _____